THE ENDANGERED SPECIES ACT, MUSSELS, AND TRANSPORTATION PROJECT PLANNING

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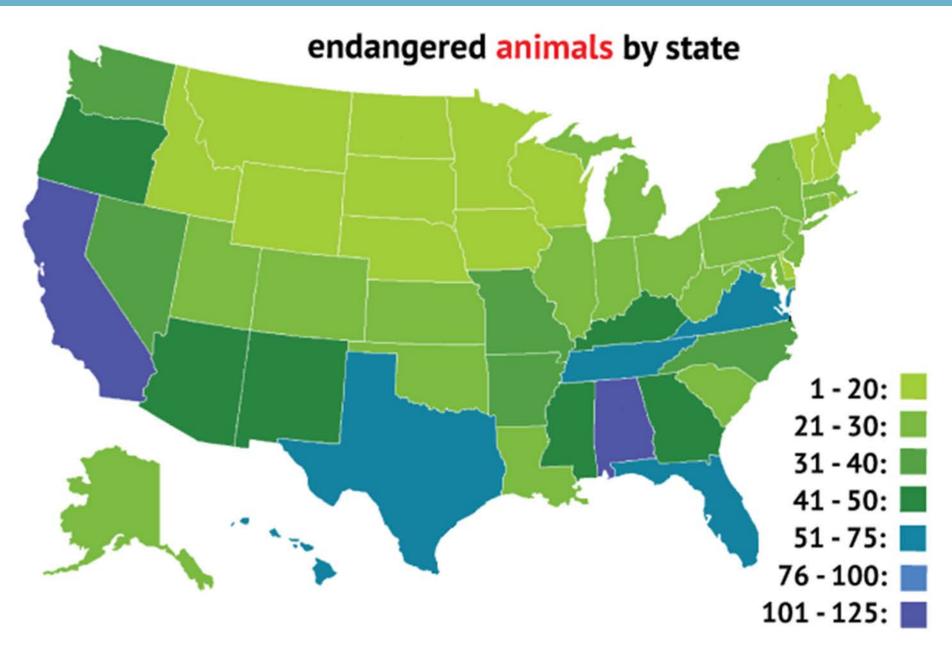
Endangered Species

- Endangered Species Act of 1973
 - "To protect and recover imperiled species and the ecosystems upon which they depend"
- Section 7 Consultation
 - Federal Nexus
 - Jeopardy?
 - Incidental Take



- More Than 2,000 Species Have Protection
- Critical Habitat





Species in Arkansas

- Arkansas currently has 37 species with federal protections
 - 5 plants, 4bats, 6 birds, 4 fish, 14 mussels, 2 crayfish, 1 insect, 1 amphibian
 - 26 endangered & 11 threatened
 - Critical Habitat: Neosho Mucket, Rabbitsfoot, Yellowcheek Darter, and Leopard Darter

Indiana Bat

Northern Long-eared Bat

Bats

Gray Bat

Ozark Big-eared Ba



Interior Least Tern

Birds

Piping Plover

Red-cockaded Woodpecker Yellowcheek Darter

Ozark Cavefish

Fish & Amphibians

Leopard Darter

Ozark Hellbender

Pallid Stugeon

Listed

on County Cave Crayfish Ben

andidate Invertebrates Rattlesnake-Master BorerMoth

American Burying Beetle

Hell Creek Cave crayfish

Monarch Butterf

Harperella

Running Buffalo Clover

Plants

Pondberry

Missouri Bladderpod

Geocarpon

Arkansas Fatmucket

Snuffbox

Freshwater

Mussels

Ouachita Rock Pocketbook

Speckled Pocketbook

Rabbitsfoot

Neosho Mucket (With Fish Lure Display)

Spectaclecase

Fat Pocketbook

Vinged Mapleleaf





Critical Habitat in Arkansas

Rabbitsfoot *Quadrula cylindrica cylindrica* Yellowcheek Darter *Etheostoma moorei* Neosho Mucket Lampsilis rafinesqueana Leopard Darter Percina pantherina



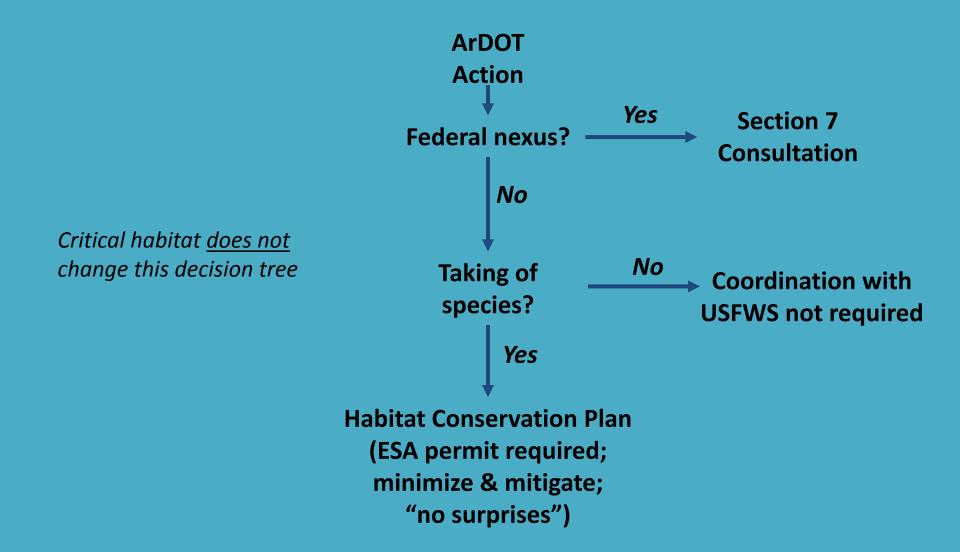
U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Arkansas Ecological Services Field Office 110 South Amity Road, Suite 300 Conway, Arkansas 72032 (501) 513-4470 ---- Rabbitsfoot & Neosho Mucket Existing Populations

- Rabbitsfoot & Neosho Mucket Final Critical Habitat
- Leopard Darter Final Critical Habitat (Designated in 1978)
- Yellowcheek Darter Final Critical Habitat (Designated in 2012)

- Essential for conservation
- Requires special management and protection
- Requires Section
 7 Consultation



ESA Decision Tree





Interagency Consultation

- Section 7 (a)(1) requires agencies, in *consultation* with the Service, to use their authorities in furthering the purposes of the ESA.
- Section 7(a)(2) requires agencies, in *consultation* with the Service, to ensure their actions will not jeopardize listed species or adversely modify critical habitat.
- Section 7(a)(4) requires agencies to *confer* with the Service on any action likely to jeopardize a proposed species or destroy or adversely modify proposed critical habitat.



Early Coordination Helps Identify:

- Potential effects on species, habitats, ecosystems
- Adjustments to proposed actions to eliminate or minimize adverse effects
- Habitat enhancements to incorporate into proposed actions



Goal – a well-defined proposed action and complete assessment



Getting Started



U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service **IPaC** Information for Planning and Consultation Powered by ECOS - the Environmental Conservation Online System

IPaC is a project planning tool which streamlines the USFWS environmental review process



Integrate the environmental review process into your project design

Quickly and easily identify USFWS managed resources and suggested conservation measures for your project.

😤 Explore species and habitat

See if any listed species ①, critical habitat, migratory birds or other natural resources may be impacted by your project.

Using the map tool, explore other resources in your location, such as wetlands, wildlife refuges, GAP land cover, and other important biological resources.

• Conduct a regulatory review

Log in and define a project to get an official species list and evaluate potential impacts on resources managed by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service.

Follow IPaC's Endangered Species Review process—a streamlined, step-by-step consultation process available in select areas for certain project types, agencies, and species.

Perform an impact analysis

LOGIN

For projects or species not covered by the step-by-step consultation process, get a list of potential impacts from your specified project activities to use when making effect determinations.

Receive conservation measures recommended by U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service biologists to avoid, minimize, or mitigate effects to listed species.



Information Planning and Conservation System http://ecos.fws.gov/ipac/

The IPaC system is designed for:

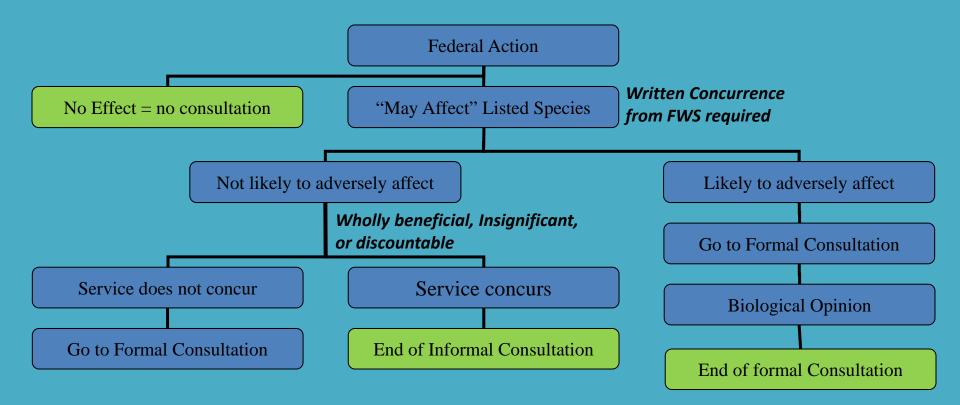
• Easy access to information about USFWS trust natural resources

*Examples include threatened and endangered species, migratory birds, refuge lands, coastal units, etc.

- Primary goal: provide information in a manner that assists people in planning their activities within the context of natural resource conservation
- The IPaC system also assists people through the various regulatory consultation, permitting and approval processes administered by the USFWS, helping achieve more effective and efficient results for both the project proponents and natural resources.

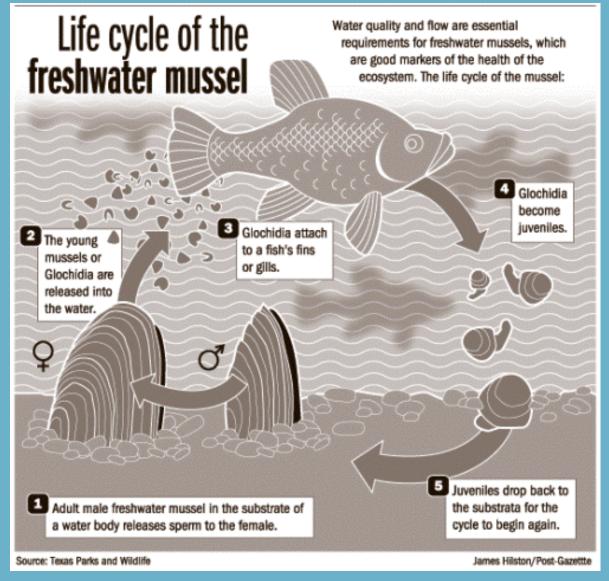


Section 7 Interagency Consultation





Life Cycle



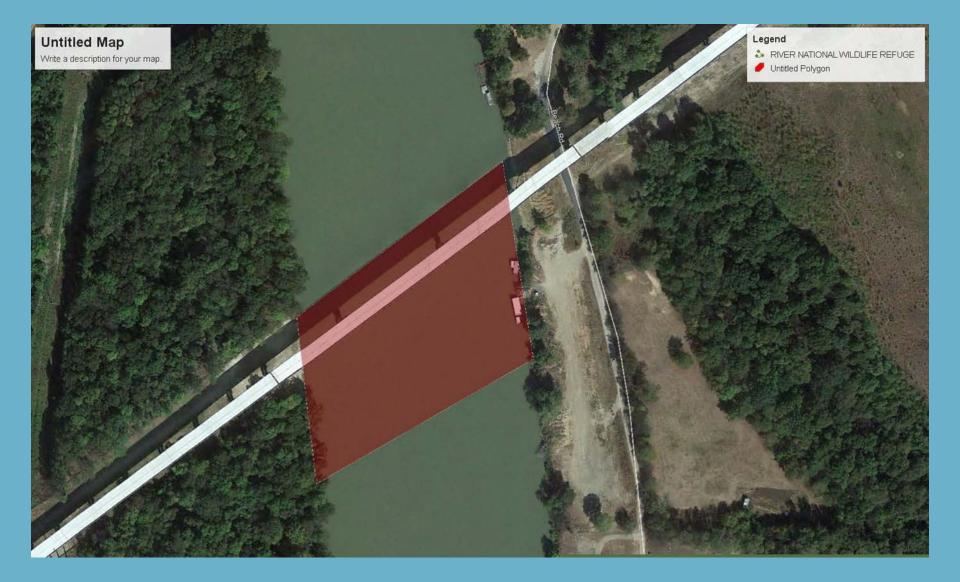


Host Infestation





Project Area





Includes discussion, correspondence, etc. to assist the Federal agency in determining whether the proposed action requires formal consultation. (50 CFR § 402.13)

Activities:

- Provide species list
- Determine need for formal consultation
- Explore opportunities to meet their conservation mandate under section 7(a)(1)
- Evaluate modifications to avoid/minimize adverse effects



Qualitative Sampling

- Time Constrained
- CPUE
- Species Richness







What Now?





Formal Consultation

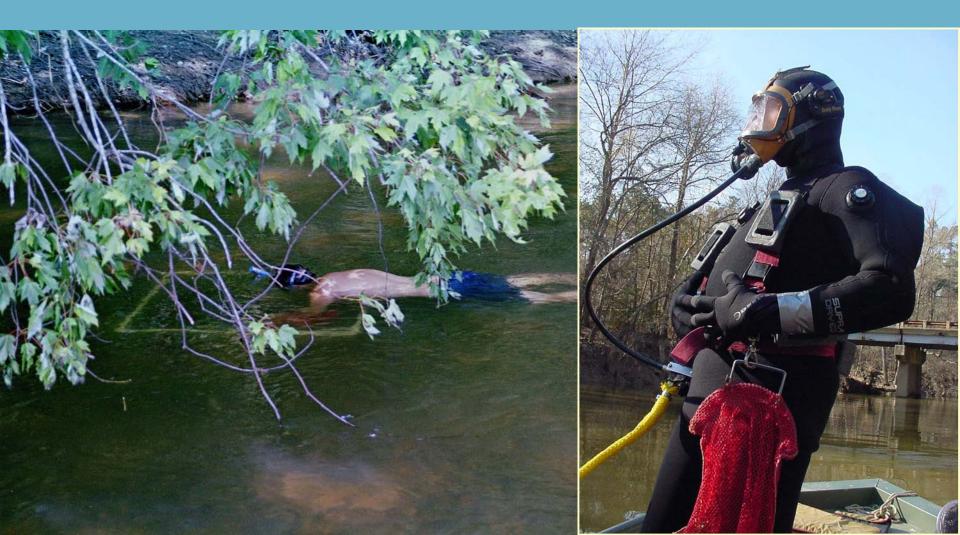
Formal consultation is required for actions that are likely to adversely affect listed species or critical habitat. 50 CFR § 402.14

Involves submitting a Biological Assessment

Involves receiving (from FWS) a Biological Opinion and Incidental Take Statement.



Quantitative Sampling ?



Formal Consultation

- Biological Assessment
- Biological Opinion
- Incidental Take
 Statement
- Reasonable and Prudent Measures



Reasonable and Prudent Measures

- Translocation of affected individuals
- Laboratory propagation of vulnerable species





Summary

- Federal nexus?
- What species are possibly affected?
- Are they known within or nearby the project area?
- What are the possible affects?



Questions?

